Solid composition containing bonds which can be activated with actinic radiation, and its use

Claims

5

A solid composition comprising

10

(A) at least one solid (meth)acrylate copolymer with a number-average molecular weight of from 850 to 10 000 and a molecular weight polydispersity Mw/Mn of from 1.0 to 5.0, containing at least one group (a) having at least one bond which can be activated with actinic radiation;

15

20

and

- (B) at least one solid compound comprising a parent structure and, attached thereto, on average per molecule more than one group (a) having at least one bond which can be activated with actinic radiation.
- The solid composition as claimed in claim 1,
 characterized in that the (meth)acrylate copolymer
 is preparable by
 - (1) radical high-temperature polymerization of

- (m1) at least one methacrylate and
- (m2) at least one monomer copolymerizable
 therewith, with

5 -

(m3) from 5.0 to 50 mol% of the total amount
 of monomers (m1) and (m2) being monomers
 which carry nonpolymerizable reactive
 functional groups (b); and

10

(2) polymer-analogous reaction of the resulting methacrylate copolymer, which carries at least one reactive functional group (b), with

15

(m4) at least one compound containing at least one bond which can be activated with actinic radiation and at least one reactive functional group (c) which is complementary to the group (b),

20

to give the group (a).

The solid composition as claimed in claim 1 or 2, characterized in that the bonds which can be activated with actinic radiation comprise carbon-hydrogen single bonds or carbon-carbon, carbon-oxygen, carbon-nitrogen, carbon-phosphorus or carbon-silicon single bonds or double bonds, especially carbon-carbon double bonds.

The solid composition as claimed in any of claims 1 to 3, characterized in that the groups (a) are selected from the group containing (meth)acrylate, ethacrylate, crotonate, cinnamate, vinyl ether, dicyclopentadienyl, norbornenyl, æster, vinyl isoprenyl, isopropenyl, allyl and butenyl groups; ether, norbornenyl dicyclopentadienyl isoprenyl ether, isopropenyl ether, allyl ether or dicyclopentadienyl ether groups, anđ butenv1 norbornenyl ester, isoprenyl ester, ester, isopropenyl ester, allyl ester and butenyl ester groups.

5. The solid composition as claimed in claim 4,

15 characterized in that the groups (a) are

(meth)acrylate groups, especially acrylate groups.

The solid composition as claimed in any of claims to 5, characterized in that, based on its overall weight, it contains from 5.0 to 95% by weight of the (meth)acrylate copolymer (A) and from 95 to 5.0% by weight of the compound (B).

7. The solid composition as claimed in any of claims

1 to 6, characterized in that the groups (a) in
the compound (B) are attached to the parent
structure by way of urethane, ester, ether and/or
amide groups.

10/

20

5 .

10

8. The solid composition as claimed in claim 7, characterized in that the groups (a) in the compound (B) are attached to the parent structure by way of urethane groups.

5

537

The solid composition as claimed in any of claims 1 to 8, characterized in that the compound (B) is amorphous, partly crystalline, or crystalline.

- 10 10. The solid composition as claimed in any of claims 1 to 9, characterized in that the compound (B) has a melting range or melting point in the temperature range from 40 to 130°C.
- 15 11. The solid composition as claimed in any of claims
 1 to 10, characterized in that the compound (B)
 has a melt viscosity at 130°C of from 50 to
 20 000 mPas.
- 20 12. The solid composition as claimed in any of claims

 1 to 11, characterized in that the parent

 structure of the compound (B) is of low molecular

 mass, oligomeric and/or polymeric.
- 25 13. The solid composition as claimed in claim 12, characterized in that the oligomeric and/or polymeric parent structure of the compound (B) contains olefinically unsaturated double bonds.

SWALL

5 .

The solid composition as claimed in claim 12 or 13, characterized in that the oligomeric and/or polymeric parent structure is derived from random, alternating and/or block, linear, branched, hyperbranched, dendrimeric and/or comb polyaddition resins, polycondensation resins and/or addition (co)polymers of ethylenically unsaturated monomers.

- The solid composition as claimed in claim 14, 10 15. characterized in that the addition (co)polymers poly(meth)acrylates and/or partially are hydrolyzed polyvinyl esters and the polyaddition and/or polycondensation resins resins 15 polyesters, alkyds, polyurethanes, polyesterpolylactones, polycarbonates, polyurethanes, polyethers, polyether-polyesters, epoxy resinadducts, polyureas, polyamides amine or polyimides, especially polyesters, polyesterpolyethers, polyurethanes, and polyester-20 polyurethanes.
- 1 to 15 characterized in that the methacrylate copolymer (A) and/or the compound (B) comprise at least one chemically bonded stabilizer (e).
 - 17. The solid composition as claimed in claim 16, characterized in that a HALS compound is used as

chemically bonded stabilizer (e).

18. The solid composition as claimed in claim 17, characterized in that the 2,2,6,6-tetramethyl-piperidine-N-oxide-4-oxy group is used as chemically bonded HALS compound (e).

10

15

20

25

5 -

The solid composition as claimed in any of claims 16 to 18, characterized in that the chemically bonded stabilizer (e) is present in the solid compound (B).

20. The solid composition as claimed in any of claims

1 to 19 characterized in that the compound (B)

contains reactive functional groups (c) which are
able to undergo thermal crosslinking reactions
with groups (c) of its own kind and/or with

complementary functional groups (b) which are also
present in the methacrylate copolymer (A) and/or
in at least one crosslinking agent.

- 21. The solid composition as claimed in any of claims 1 to 20, characterized in that the methacrylate copolymer (A) and/or the compound (B) comprises chemically bonded photoinitiators and/or photocoinitiators.
- 22. The use of the solid composition as claimed in any of claims 1 to 21 as coating materials, adhesives

or sealing compounds which can be crosslinked thermally and/or with actinic radiation, or to produce coating materials, adhesives or sealing compounds which can be crosslinked thermally and/or with actinic radiation.

23. Coating materials, adhesives or sealing compounds comprising at least solid composition as claimed in any of claims 1 to 21

10

5

24. The coating materials, adhesives or sealing compounds as claimed in claim 23, characterized in that at least one further constituent curable with actinic radiation is present therein.

adhesives

or

15

25.

The

coating

compounds as claimed in claim 24, characterized in that the further constituent is selected from the group containing other (meth)acrylate-functional (meth)acrylic copolymers, polyether acrylates, polyester acrylates, unsaturated polyesters, epoxy acrylates, amino acrylates, melamine acrylates, silicone acrylates, and the corresponding methacrylates.

materials,

25

26. The coating materials, adhesives or sealing compounds as claimed in claim 25, characterized in that the unsaturated polyester is selected from the group containing amorphous, partly crystalline and crystalline solid polyesters containing at least one terminal group which derives from the adduct of dicyclopentadiene and maleic anhydride in a molar ratio of 1:1, and/or at least one endomethylenetetrahydrophthalic acid group.

SW) 2

5 .

The coating materials, adhesives or sealing compounds as claimed in any of claims 23 to 26, characterized in that at least one further additive is present therein.

10

15

25

28. The coating materials, adhesives or sealing compounds as claimed in any of claims 23 to 27, characterized in that they are present as powders, powder slurries, or a solution or dispersion in organic solvents.

29. The use of the coating materials, adhesives or sealing compounds as claimed in any of claims 23 to 28 to produce coatings, adhesive films or seals for primed or unprimed substrates.

- 30. A process for producing coatings, adhesive films or seals for primed or unprimed substrates, wherein
 - (1) at least one coating material and/or adhesive and/or at least one sealing compound as claimed in any of claims 23 to 28 in the form

of

5

15

20

25

(1.1) a i	melt,
-----------	-------

- (1.2) a powder,
- (1.3) a powder slurry or
- (1.4) a dispersion or a solution in at least one organic solvent

applied to the primed or unprimed substrate, 10

- the resulting powder slurry film (1.3) or the (2) resulting film of a dispersion or a solution (1.4) is dried or the resulting film of the melt (1.1) is caused to solidify or is maintained in the melted state by heating,
- (3) the resulting solid film (1.2), (1.3) or (1.4) is melted by heating, and

(4) the melted film which results in process step (2) or (3).

> in the melted state. (4.1)

on solidification and/or (4.2)

after solidification (4.3)

is cured with actinic radiation.

31. The process as claimed in claim 30, characterized in that the film is thermally cured by heating before, during or after process step (4).

SYD5

characterized in that heating is carried out with near infrared (NIR) light.

33. Coatings adhesive films or seals on primed or unprimed substrates, produceable from coating materials, adhesives or sealing compounds as claimed in any of claims 23 to 28 and/or produceable by means of the process as claimed in any of claims 30 to 32.

15

20

10

34. Primed and unprimed substrates, especially bodies of automobiles and commercial vehicles, industrial components, including plastics parts, packaging, coils and electrical components, or furniture, comprising at least one coating, at least one adhesive film and/or at least one seal as claimed in claim 33.